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Title: The Declaration of Independence of the United States of America

Author: Thomas Jefferson

Release date: December 1, 1971 [EBook #1] Most recently updated: January 28, 2021

Language: English

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December, 1971 [Etext #1]

The Project Gutenberg Etext of The Declaration of Independence.

All of the original Project Gutenberg Etexts from the 1970's were produced in ALL CAPS, no lower case. The computers we used then didn't have lower case at all.

This is a retranscription of one of the first Project Gutenberg Etexts, officially dated December, 1971-and now officially re-released on December 31, 1993--

The United States Declaration of Independence was the first Etext released by Project Gutenberg, early in 1971. The title was stored in an emailed instruction set which required a tape or diskpack be hand mounted for retrieval. The diskpack was the size of a large cake in a cake carrier, cost \$1500, and contained 5 megabytes, of which this file took 1-2%. Two tape backups were kept plus one on paper tape. The 10,000 files we hope to have online by the end of 2001 should take about 1-2% of a comparably priced drive in 2001.

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In my research for creating this transcription of our first Etext, I have come across enough discrepancies [even within that official documentation provided by the United States] to conclude that even "facsimiles" of the Declaration of Indendence will NOT going to be all the same as the original, nor of other "facsimiles." There is a plethora of variations in capitalization, punctuation, and, even where names appear on the documents [which names I have left out].

The resulting document has several misspellings removed from those parchment "facsimiles" I used back in 1971, and which I should not be able to easily find at this time, including "Brittain."

The Project Gutenberg Etext of The Declaration of Independence

NOTE: This HTML rendition of the original Project Gutenberg etext #1 was produced on August 4, 2018 to replace the original inadequate auto-generated file, and, in order that this important PG work could be read on mobile viewer screens. Images of Thomas Jefferson's hand-drafted copy of The Declaration of Independence have been added.

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THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

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THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

When in the Course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume, among the Powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty, and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that Governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security. -Such has been the patient sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The history of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny over these States. To prove this, let Facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his Assent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his Governors to pass Laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his Assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other Laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of Representation in the Legislature, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their Public Records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved Representative Houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the Legislative Powers, incapable of Annihilation, have returned to the People at large for their exercise; the State remaining in the mean time exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within.

He has endeavoured to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose obstructing the Laws of Naturalization of Foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new Appropriations of Lands.

He has obstructed the Administration of Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws for establishing Judiciary Powers.

He has made judges dependent on his Will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of New Offices, and sent hither swarms of Officers to harass our People, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, Standing Armies without the Consent of our legislatures.

He has affected to render the Military independent of and superior to the Civil Power.

He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his Assent to their Acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us:

For protecting them, by a mock Trial, from Punishment for any Murders which they should commit on the Inhabitants of these States:

For cutting off our Trade with all parts of the world:

For imposing taxes on us without our Consent:

For depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of Trial by Jury:

For transporting us beyond Seas to be tried for pretended offences:

For abolishing the free System of English Laws in a neighbouring Province, establishing therein an Arbitrary government, and enlarging its Boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these Colonies:

For taking away our Charters, abolishing our most valuable Laws, and altering fundamentally the Forms of our Governments:

For suspending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with Power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated Government here, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our Coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is at this time transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to compleat the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun with circumstances of Cruelty & perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy of the Head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow Citizens taken Captive on the high Seas to bear Arms against their Country, to become the executioners of their friends and Brethren, or to fall themselves by their Hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavoured to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian Savages, whose known rule of warfare, is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these Oppressions We have Petitioned for Redress in the most humble terms: Our repeated Petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free People.

Nor have We been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They too have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our Separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, Enemies in War, in Peace Friends.

We, therefore, the Representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress, Assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the Name, and by the Authority of the good People of these Colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of Right ought to be Free and Independent States; that they are Absolved from all Allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain, is and ought to be totally dissolved; and that as Free and Independent States, they have full Power to levy War, conclude Peace, contract Alliances, establish Commerce, and to do all other Acts and Things which Independent States may of right do. And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the Protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our Lives, our Fortunes and our sacred Honor.

December, 1972 [Etext #2]

****The Project Gutenberg Etext of The U. S. Bill of Rights****

The United States Bill of Rights.

The Ten Original Amendments to the Constitution of the United States Passed by Congress September 25, 1789 Ratified December 15, 1791

Ι

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

Π

A well-regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms, shall not be infringed.

III

No soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

IV

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

VI

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

VII

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

VIII

Excessive bail shall not be required nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

IX

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

THOMAS JEFERSON'S HANDWRITTEN DRAFT

[The following four images are from engravings taken from the Jefferson's draft of the Declaration of Independence in his handwriting with some ammendations and changes in the handrwriting of Benjamin Franklin and John Adams--Click on the enlarge button to view the image in full-size.]

ENLARGE

a Declaration by the Representatives of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, in General Congress assembled.

When in the course of human works it becomes necessary for a prophe to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with growth and to a sume among the powers of the earth the power to the them to taken to which the laws of nature & of nature's god entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these metho to be saved & and the that all men are created equal & independent; that from that equal oreation they denned in the form that equal oreation they denned in after that equal oreation they denned in a supply for the there they are t life & liberty, & the prursuit of happiness; that to secure these parts, go--vernments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the govorned; that whenever any form of government the becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alles or to abolish it, I to institute new government, laying it's foundation on such principles & organising it's powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safely & happiness. predence indeed will dichate that governments long established should not be changed for light & transient causes: and accordingly all experience hath seen that manhind are more disposed to suffer while eits are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed but when a long train of abuses & usurprations [begun at a distinguished period, I pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to subject reduce Them to all they prover, it is their right, it is their duly, to throw off such government & to provide new quards for their puture security. such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies; & such is now the necessity_ which constrains them to Eagurage their former systems of government. The history of this present my of first Britain speed of function function of government. It he history of this present my first Britain states of function for the contra-usurpations famong which, appears no volitary fact dict the uniform tenor of the next fatt of which have in direct object the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these states. to prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world, for the truth of which we pledge a faith yet unsullied by falschood

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he has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the pub. - lie good: he has forbidden his governors to prasslaus of immediate & pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be drained; and when suspended, he has neglected attendy to attend to them. he has refused to pass other laws for the accomodation of large districts of people writes those people would relinquish the right of representation, a right inestimable to them & formidable to tyrants only: he has called together legitation bodies at places unusual uncomfortable & distant from the depository of their public neords, for the sole purpose of fatiguery them into compliance with his measures, he has dissolved Representative houses repeatedly & continually for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people: time stime stime to bipolition of the people: whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise, the state remaining in the mean lime caposed to all the dangers of invasion from without & convulsions within: he has endeavored to prevent the population of these states; for that purpose distructing the laws for naturalization of foreigness, refusing to pass others to encourage their migrations hither, & raising the conditions of new ap. -propriations of lands he has wuffered the administration of justice [totally to cease in some of these absorb petusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers . he has made [our] judges dependant on his will alone, for the tenure of their offices and amount of their salaries: + Dr Franklin he has crecked a multitude of new offices by a self-assumed power] & sent he -- they swarms of Micers to harrass our people & cat out their substance he has kept among us in times of peace sanding arming & sheps of war Legislature, he has affected to render the milibary, independent of & superior to the civil power he has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitu tions and unachnologed by our laws; giving his assent to their protonded out Alegislation, for quartering large bodies of armed troops among us, for protecting them by a mock trial from pun shment for any muscless , they should commit on the inhabitants of these states; for cutting offour trade with all parts of the world; for imposing taxes on us without our consent; for depriving us of the benefits of trial by jury for transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offenced: for abolishing the free system of trylich laws in a neighboring process establishing therein an artitrary evening and entering it's bornson of the terms of all once an example of it in memory in orthodowing the same about

ENLARGE

Fabrolishing our most important claws for taking away our charters baltering Jundamentally the forms of our governments, + 8? Franklin for susponding our own legislatures & declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever : he has abdicated government here, [with drawing his governors, & declaring us out This allegiance & protection] he has plundered our seas, rawaged our coasts, burnt our towns & destroyed the lives of our people: he is at this time transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complia the works of death desolation & tyranny already begun with circumstances search particles in the most bar tarnes also and totally in the interesting & perfidy unworthy the head of a civilized nation: the has endeavored to trong on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciles Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undishinguished destruction of all ages, reacs, & conditions [of existence:] [he has incided treasonable insurrections of our fellow citizens, with the he has alleged truck war against human nature itself, violating it's most sa - used rights of life & liberty in the persons of a distant people who never of fended him, captuating & carrying them into slavery in another hemis sphere, or to incur miserable death in their transportation thither. This piratical warfare, the opprobrium of infidel powers, is the warfare of the Christian king of Great Britain determined to keep open a market where MEN should be bought & sold he has proshibuled his negative for suppressing every legislature attempt to prohibit or to restrain this determining taken pon a merket other MENS hould be brought works . execuable commerce: and that this assemblage of horrors might want no fact of distinguished die, he is now exciting those very people to rise in arms amongue, and to purchase that liberty of which he has deprived them, by murdering the people upon whom he also obtinded them : thus praying off former comments committed against the liberties of one people, with commes which he wages them to commit against the lives of another.] in every stage of these oppressions we have petitioned for redress in the most humble Franklin terms, our repeated petitions have been answered by repeated injuries a prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the nuter of a people who mean to be free " future ages will scarce believe that the hardiness of one man, adventured within the short compass of twelve years to the a foundation to broad & under guised, for tymmy only strong of twelve years a people fostered & fixed in principle of the total, freedom!

ENLARGE

Nor have we been wanting in attentions to our British brethren , we have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to eachen 2 a juris. - diction over These our stated we have reminded them of the incumstances of our emigration & settlement here, no one of which could warrant so shange a protension: that these were effected at the expense of our own blood & beasure, unassisted by the wealth or the strength of Great Porisain : that in constituting indeed our several forms of government, we had adopted one common king, thereby laying a foundation for perpetual league & amity with them : but that submission to their parliament was no part of our constitution. nor ever in idea if history may be credited : and we appealed to their native justice & magnanimity, Tas well as to the ties of our common kindred to disavous these was pations which were likely to interrupt our correspondence they too have been deaf to the voice of justice & of consanguinity, I when occasions have been given them, by the regular course of their laws, of removing from their councils the disturbers of our harmony, they have by their free election re-established them in power. at this very time too they are permitting their chief magis have to send over not only voldiers of our common 15 Franking blood, but Scotch & foreign mercenaries to invade & the proving us . these facts have given the last stab to a conizing affection, and manly spirit bids us to re. -nounce for ever these unfeeling brethren. we must endeavor to forget our former love for them, and to hold them as we hold the rest of manhind, enemics in war, in peace friends we might have been a free & a great people together; but a comme - nication of grandeur & of freedom it seems is before their dignity. he it so since they will have it . the road to grand happiness is open to us too; we will donn it an apart from them, and acquiesce in the necessity which the normees our wer - ment We therefore the representatives of the United States of america in General Con--greps assembled, do in the name I by authority of the good people of these plates] Freject and renounce all allegiance Vsubjection to the kings of Great Britain a defenant the Gall others who may hereafter claim by through or under them; we utterly Lissolve & treak of all political connection which may from heret ofore sub. -sisted between us & the people or parliament of Great Britain; and finally we do assert and declare these colonies to be per and independant slates, and that as free & independant states they shall hor after have power to levy was conclude prace, contract alliances, establish commence, & to do all other acts and things which independant states may of right do. and for the support of this declaration] we mutually pledge to each other our lives our forhines, & our sacred honour.

*** END OF THE PROJECT GUTENBERG EBOOK THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ***

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